

ABSTRAK

Rosida Nihaya (3022221004)

Pengaruh Pengelolaan Utang dan Modal Usaha terhadap Kinerja Keuangan UMKM *food and beverage* di Kecamatan Kramat Jati: Peran Mediasi Literasi Keuangan

xv + 135 hlm

Usaha Mikro, Kecil, dan Menengah (UMKM) memiliki peran strategis dalam meningkatkan pertumbuhan ekonomi nasional melalui penciptaan lapangan kerja, peningkatan pendapatan masyarakat, dan kontribusinya terhadap Produk Domestik Bruto (PDB). Meskipun demikian, banyak pelaku UMKM masih menghadapi berbagai kendala dalam mengelola usahanya, terutama terkait pengelolaan utang, keterbatasan modal usaha, rendahnya literasi keuangan, serta belum optimalnya kinerja keuangan. Kondisi tersebut dapat memengaruhi kemampuan UMKM dalam mempertahankan keberlangsungan dan mengembangkan usahanya. Penelitian ini bertujuan menganalisis pengaruh Pengelolaan Utang dan Modal Usaha terhadap Kinerja Keuangan pada pelaku UMKM sektor *Food and beverage* di Kecamatan Kramat Jati serta menguji peran literasi keuangan dalam memediasi pengaruh pengelolaan utang dan modal usaha terhadap kinerja keuangan.

Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan jumlah sampel akhir sebanyak 100 responden yang dipilih menggunakan teknik purposive sampling. Data dikumpulkan melalui penyebaran kuesioner menggunakan skala Likert, kemudian dianalisis menggunakan metode Partial Least Squares-Structural Equation Modeling (*PLS-SEM*) dengan bantuan perangkat lunak SmartPLS 3.

Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa Pengelolaan Utang berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap Literasi Keuangan ($\beta=0,400$; $p=0,002$) dan Kinerja Keuangan ($\beta=0,249$; $p=0,001$). Modal Usaha berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap Literasi Keuangan ($\beta=0,389$; $p=0,002$), tetapi tidak signifikan terhadap Kinerja Keuangan ($\beta=0,044$; $p=0,727$). Literasi Keuangan berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap Kinerja Keuangan ($\beta=0,423$; $p=0,013$). Literasi Keuangan tidak memediasi pengaruh Pengelolaan Utang terhadap Kinerja Keuangan ($\beta=0,169$; $p=0,069$), tetapi memediasi pengaruh Modal Usaha terhadap Kinerja Keuangan ($\beta=0,165$; $p=0,033$).

Kata kunci : Pengelolaan Utang, Modal Usaha, Literasi Keuangan, Kinerja Keuangan, UMKM.

Daftar acuan : 35 (2019-2026)

Jakarta, 10 Agustus 2026

(Rosida Nihaya)

ABSTRACT

Rosida Nihaya (3022221004)

The Effect of Debt Management and Business Capital on the Financial Performance of Food and beverage MSMEs in Kramat Jati District: The Mediating Role of Financial Literacy

xv + 135 page

Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) play a strategic role in promoting national economic growth through job creation, increased community income, and their contribution to Gross Domestic Product (GDP). However, many MSME owners still face various challenges in managing their businesses, particularly in debt management, limited business capital, low financial literacy, and suboptimal financial performance. These conditions may affect the ability of MSMEs to maintain business continuity and achieve growth. This study aims to analyze the effect of Debt Management and Business Capital on the Financial Performance of Food and beverage MSMEs in Kramat Jati District and to examine the role of Financial Literacy in mediating the effects of Debt Management and Business Capital on Financial Performance.

This study employed a quantitative approach with a final sample of 100 respondents selected using purposive sampling. Data were collected through questionnaires using a Likert scale and analyzed using the Partial Least Squares-Structural Equation Modeling (PLS-SEM) method with the assistance of SmartPLS 3 software.

The results show that Debt Management has a positive and significant effect on Financial Literacy ($\beta = 0.400$; $p = 0.002$) and Financial Performance ($\beta = 0.249$; $p = 0.001$). Business Capital has a positive and significant effect on Financial Literacy ($\beta = 0.389$; $p = 0.002$), but has no significant effect on Financial Performance ($\beta = 0.044$; $p = 0.727$). Financial Literacy has a positive and significant effect on Financial Performance ($\beta = 0.423$; $p = 0.013$). Financial Literacy does not mediate the effect of Debt Management on Financial Performance ($\beta = 0.169$; $p = 0.069$), but mediates the effect of Business Capital on Financial Performance ($\beta = 0.165$; $p = 0.033$).

Keywords: Debt Management, Business Capital, Financial Literacy, Financial Performance, MSMEs.

References: 35 (2019-2026)

Jakarta, 10 Agustus 2026

(Rosida Nihaya)